

their cause and an unyielding faith, they went to work, with the result that Morris Brown College is one of the largest schools in the South for the moral and intellectual uplift of the Negro.

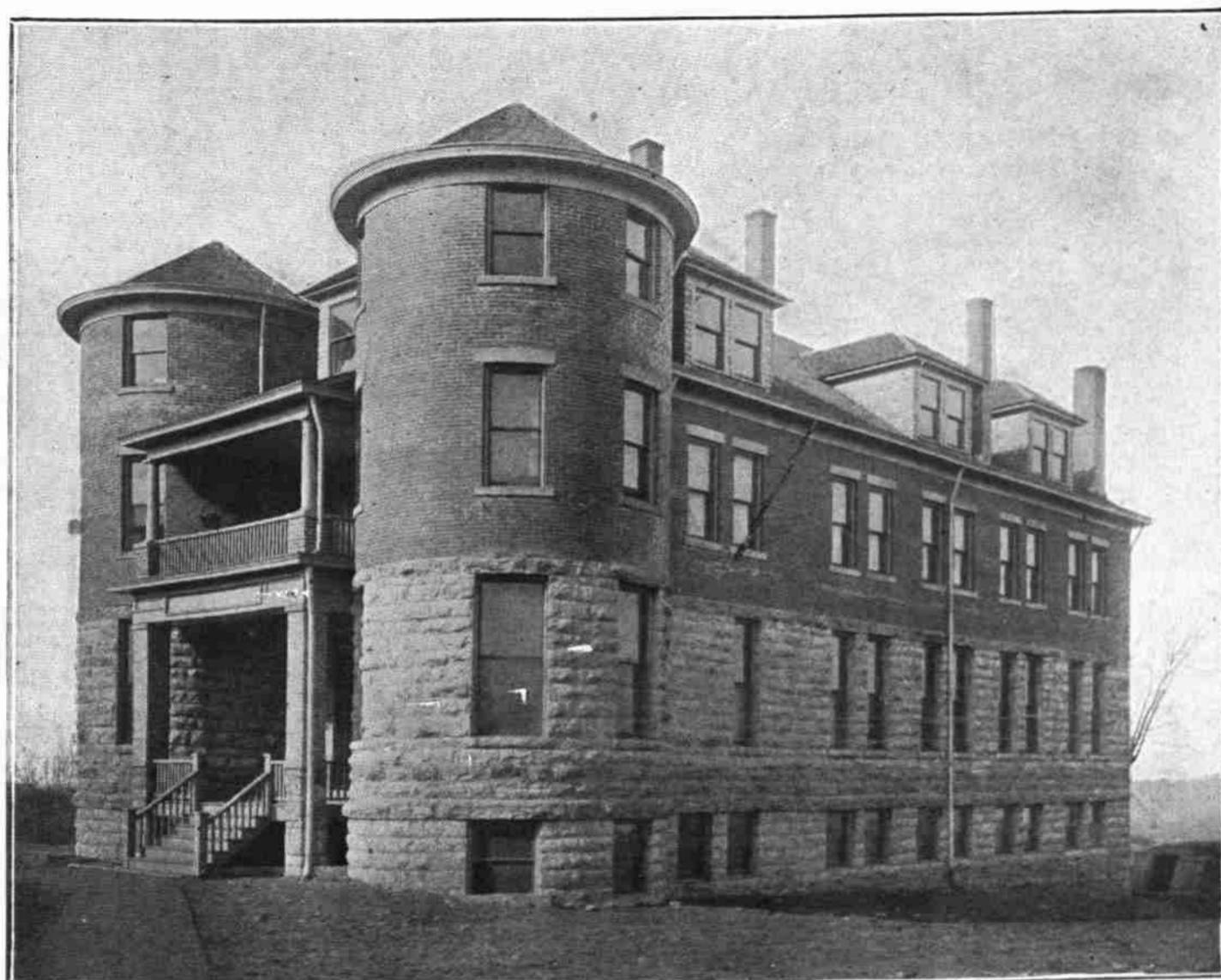
In 1891, the south wing of the school was erected under Bishop Gaines. Ten years later, under Bishop H. N. Turner, the central building, costing \$22,000, connected the two wings.

A year later, in 1902, when it was decided to teach the trades upon a larger scale, the Industrial Building was erected.

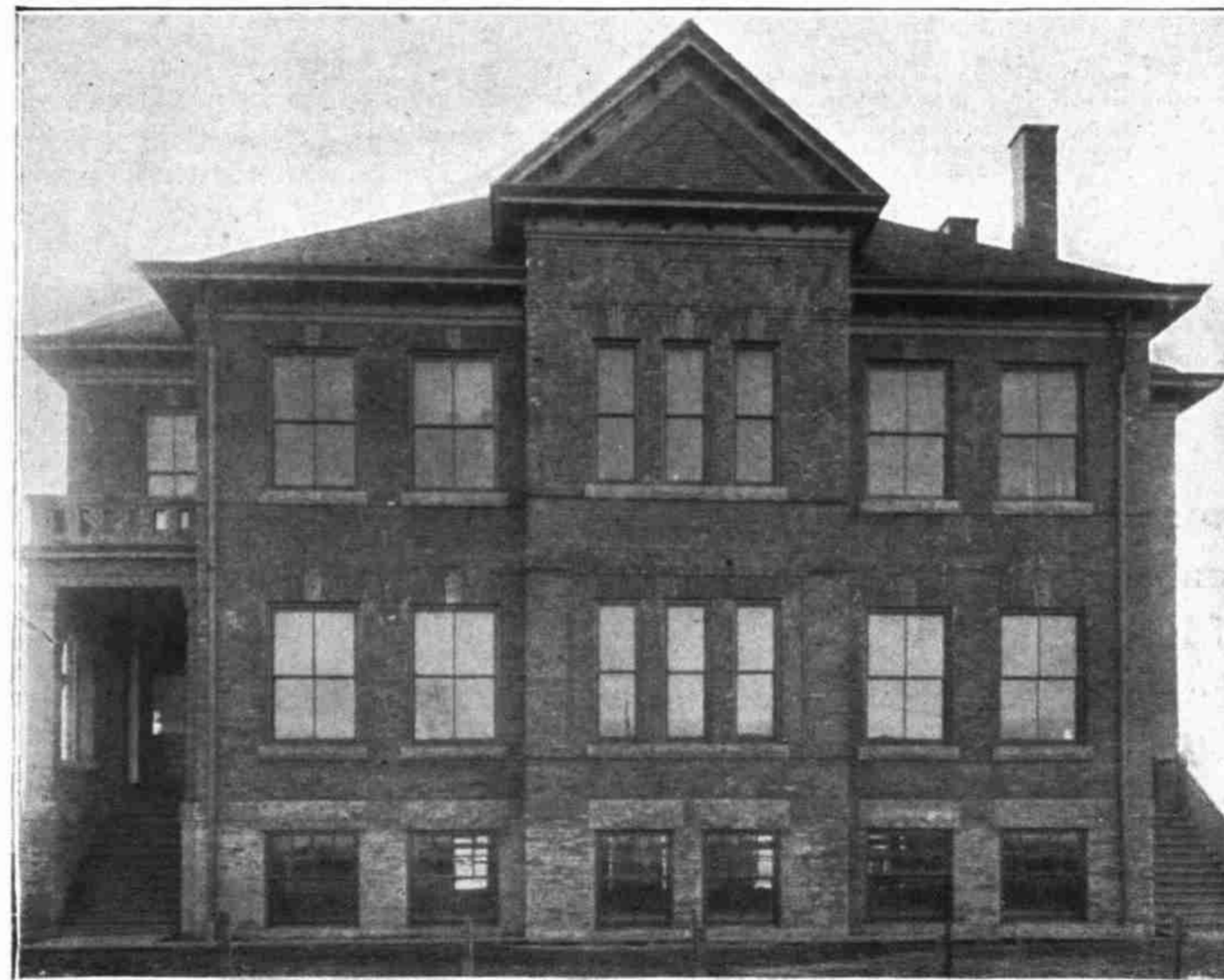
President Lee, in writing about Morris Brown College, says: "For a while the people were inspired by the novelty of its being the first effort of its kind by Negroes in the state, and during this period of the newness of things the leaders of the people were busy in doctrinating the idea of self-help. So the interest in the school has not lagged, as some feared it would do, but, being founded on such a basis, it has grown and become the more intensified. Each year larger contributions are made for its support, because the masses are being educated in this spirit of doing for themselves. To-day Morris Brown College stands as the greatest monument to Negro effort for his own education on the American continent. It has grown upon the love and sacrifices of thousands of hard-working people."

From a school of 107 students in 1885, the college has grown to 28 teachers and 993 students in 1908. In 1885 it was a grammar school; now it is a college, with normal, classical, and theological departments, also nurse-training, sewing, printing, and tailoring.

The annual expenses of the college are \$46,000. The third Sunday in September of each year is "Educational Day" in the African Methodist Episcopal churches, and all collections received in Georgia on this day are sent to the treasurer of Morris Brown College. In 1908 the collections in Georgia for this purpose amounted to \$7,000. In addition, each pastor and delegate to the several district conferences in Georgia contributes \$1 a year for the support of the chair of theology in Morris Brown College. This makes an additional \$2,000, and to this amount may be added the appropriations from the annual conferences, amounting to \$4,200, and the moneys received from other sources. There are twenty-six young men in the school studying for the ministry. The value of the Morris Brown property is in excess of \$100,000. The great needs of the college are a dormitory, a lot of land for agricultural purposes, cottages for the president and teachers, a library and laboratory.



WARD HALL



TRADES BUILDING

WESTERN UNIVERSITY, QUINDARO, KAN. FOUNDED 1880

Founded by Bishop T. M. D. Ward, D.D., of the African Methodist Episcopal Church. Supported largely by the African Methodist Episcopal Church and liberal appropriations from the state of Kansas. Three hundred students, 20 teachers, in 1908, and 25 theological students. Approximate annual expenses, \$25,000. Is also known as the "State Industrial Department." Offers training in collegiate, normal, theological, industrial, and musical branches. The buildings are modern, lighted by electricity generated by the University's own plant. The property is valued at \$125,000.